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**THE FORMATION OF GENDER CONCEPTS IN ENGLISH AND UZBEK IN  
THE PHRASEOLOGICAL LANDSCAPE OF THE WORLD**

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The term phraseology expresses the meaning of a phrase, knowledge, concept. Phraseology has long been formed as a separate part of linguistics although there was no time, its history is the beginning of the development of the language goes back to the stages. It is known from scientific studies that it is phraseological units appeared together with the language and developed together with the language. But their role and importance are evaluated differently in different periods of society. Structure of phraseologisms, lexical-semantic, functional-methodical and syntactic a language with specific tasks and formation features is a unit. There are the following types of phraseological units: phrasemes and idioms.

Phrases are context-dependent and units composed of specific indicators. Idioms, on the other hand, define, subordinate and define the general meaning in context are lexical units that determine the completeness and equality of elements. Phraseological each type and shape of units can be considered a specific microstructure. When comparing functional, equal linguistic units between two languages during translation is selected. The principle of comparison shows the similarities and differences. Some parts of the system are identical in form (partially or completely), and some are not an alternative may not be found at all.[2]

Phraseological combinations mainly consist of a combination of words in other words, phraseology is a separate unit of the language and is free according to its structure equivalent to a conjunction or sentence, fully or partially semantically reshaped image, includes fixed phrases. Most of the phraseology is English language and other languages created by the people, their

the authors are not known, the sources of origin are not clear. In this sense phraseologist A.V. Kunin is the author of most of the phraseologisms of the English language are unknown, and they are justifiably believed to be created by the people International Journal of Education, Social Science although it is very ancient, the science of phraseology includes almost two hundred years.



The founder of the science of phraseology is the Swiss scientist Charles Balli. He is his In his work "French Stylistics" (1909), word associations, that is, phraseological has included special chapters exploring units. And Ferdinand de Saussure expressed his views about the syntagma and its signs. The language is so ready there are units whose linguistic nature comes from the meaning and syntactic feature it turned out, he said that such compounds are used ready-made, according to tradition. Phraseology developed rapidly in the further development of linguistics is one of the fields. Phraseology is studied much earlier in Russian and English linguistics started, this field will be systematically studied in Uzbek linguistics It started in the 40s and 50s of the last century.

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